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JOB PRINTING.
Book and every description of Commercial and
Law printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job
Rooms.

Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as
second-class matter.

The Bayard boom seems to have kicked
itself to death.

Tilden's annual message seems to be a
secret document. Is there no one who can
steal it?

If lightning does not strike twice in the
same place, Ohio will be missed, and then
Maine will get a shake.

The melancholy days have come for the
Democracy—another session of Congress.
Look out for a regular grist of blunders.

The Southern Caucus is now in session
in Washington. Let us see if it will starve
the Government and whip the Executive.

"Brick" Pomeroy says that Jesus Christ
and General Grant were two noted tramps,
"neither of whom had visible means of
support."

The sympathy in Chicago for Ireland is
on a little boom. Sympathy is a good
thing, but a little material help in the shape
of money, is better.

The attempt to steal Maine will prove
as abortive as the attempt to steal the
Presidency in 1876. The Democrats do
not seem to be successful in anything ex-
cept in making fools of themselves. They
win a prize every time in that direction.

The Democrats in Congress are receiv-
ing a good deal of gratuitous advice from
some of the prominent Democratic papers.
They warned not again to make fools of
themselves. All of which will not be
heeded by Congressional Democrats. They
propose to stick to the old time custom.

The President's message was published
a nearly all the prominent morning jour-
nals thirty-six hours in advance of its de-
livery to Congress. Copies of it were sto-
len for the morning papers. President
Hayes has always made a blunder in the
attempt to furnish the press printed copies
of his message.

The official canvass of the vote in this
State will take place at Madison on Thurs-
day of this week. The example of the
Maine Democrats will not be followed,
and if any Democrat on the State ticket
wants to inspect the returns, it would be a
pleasure to the Republican party for him
to gratify his curiosity.

If the \$350,000 can be subscribed for
General Grant, the Blaine boom will re-
ceive a good start. His friends think that
if the General can be laid on the shelf for
a quarter of a million, it will be a cheap
way to get rid of a Presidential candidate.
That amount could be raised among the
Democrats if Grant would promise not to
run.

A Sunday School Association in Indiana
wants to make arrangements with the
Government to exhibit Sitting Bull or
some of the Utes Chiefs during the present
winter and the coming summer. This ex-
traordinary proposition has been made by
the President and the Vice Presidents of
the Association. Here is an enterprise to
capture the Almighty Dollar which fully
illustrates the genius and the progressive
spirit of the average American!

The present indications are that Mr.
Arnold, of Trempealeau county, will be
elected Speaker of the Assembly. The
prevailing sentiment seems to be that he
is the man for the place, and if we mistake
not, his election will be secured without
much more pulling or entering into any
entangling alliance. Taking all things into
account, Mr. Arnold is probably the best
available man for the place, and beside
that he will make a creditable speaker.

The Milwaukee Sunday Telegraph
having published a telegram from
Fond du Lac to the effect that Colonel
George W. Carter, of that city, would be
appointed Warden of the State Prison and
would confer upon the duties of the office
on his confirmation by the Senate, the Com-
monwealth answers: "The Governor does
not appoint the Warden, the Senate does
not confirm the Warden," and that "it is
not definitely understood that Colonel
George W. Carter will be appointed War-
den." The Commonwealth then says:
"The truth is, simply, that Warden Smith's
term expires with the close of the year.
The Board of Directors, who elect the
Warden—and whose election is not subject
to confirmation by anybody—meet to-day
to fill the vacancy which will occur on
January 1st. There are several candidates
for the place, among them Colonel Carter.
But the Directors have not decided what
their action will be, consequently have
given no hint as to the results and no one
has any authority to anticipate it."

The suggestion made by President Hayes
in his message that the legal tenders should
be retired, is not meeting with very warm
endorsement by the public. The true
principle may be to retire them as early as
possible, but it would be ill-timed to com-
mence to retire them at present. The fact
is, there exists no necessity for retiring the
United States notes at this time. Money
is not over-abundant per capita, and they
do not cost the country anything, and
everywhere in the land they are as good as
gold and silver. Now that resumption has
been achieved, gold, silver and greenbacks
interchangeable, business on the boom, the
currency question settled, and the Green-
back party dead, let the question of retir-
ing the legal tender notes, and in any
manner reviving the currency agitation, be
indefinitely postponed. It is to be
hoped that Congress will pay no attention
to that part of the President's message
touching the retirement of the United
States notes; and when the President sees

that he has made an ill-timed suggestion,
and that public sentiment is against him,
we believe he will change his mind.

HARD MONEY.

**The Sentiment of the House of
Representatives on the Sub-
ject.**

**The Hard and Soft Money Men
Meet Upon Common
Ground.**

**And Agree that it is Inexpedi-
ent to Legislate on the Mon-
ey Question.**

**But Fernando Wood Objects
and the Resolutions Sent to
a Committee.**

**Governor Smith Visits the Deaf
and Dumb Institute at Dea-
van.**

**Terrible Cruelties Practiced on
Prisoners in the House of
Correction.**

**Report of the Committee of the
Board of Supervisors Con-
firming the Charges Made.**

Other Interesting News Items.

MADISON.

**The Annual Meeting of the State Ag-
ricultural Society—The Pinafore
Company.**

Special to the Gazette.
MADISON, Dec. 3.—The annual meet-
ing of the State Agricultural Society, to receive
and examine reports of officers, and for the
transaction of general business, are in ses-
sion to-day.

Cyrus Miner, of Janesville, Treasurer,
reports the financial transactions of the
Society for the year as follows:

Total receipts.....\$17,500 11
Paid premiums and expenses.....\$14,312 25

Balance on hand.....\$3,187 83
He also reports an indebtedness of \$3-
600 00, and accrued interest of \$315 00
incurred at the last fair held in Milwau-
kee.

The Juvenile Pinafore played to a large
and delighted audience, at Barrows' hall,
last evening.

HARD MONEY.

**Sentiments of the House of Repre-
sentatives.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The sentiments of
the members of the House upon the recom-
mendations made by the President and
Secretary Sherman regarding financial
legislation, can be judged from the fact
that Hiram Price, of Iowa, all his life an
apostle of hard money of the hardest kind,
introduced a resolution to-day declaring
that any legislation affecting the finances
was inexpedient in the present condition of
money affairs. A similar resolution was
introduced by Mr. Fort, an extreme
soft money man. The two

men representing the two extremes of
financial theory, met upon common ground
declaring the same opinions. There was
an almost unanimous desire in the House
to vote upon Mr. Price's resolution, but one
objection, under the rules, sent it to a com-
mittee. The resolution went to the
committee on Banking and Currency, of
which Mr. Price is a member. The com-
mittee is unanimous in favor of the resolu-
tion, and will report it back to the House
at an early date, so that a vote may be
taken upon it.

The President to-day in conversation
on the financial topic of his message,
reiterated his views as expressed in the
message, but failed to see that there was
ground for dissensions in the party on this
account. He had his views; members of
Congress had theirs. They were the law-
making power. He could only suggest
and recommend. He had expressed his
views, and he had no fault to find with
Congress for not thinking as he did on
this question.

THE REPORT.

**Of the Committee on the Board of
Supervisors, on the Milwaukee House
of Correction.**

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 2.—The majority of
the committee appointed by the Board of
Supervisors to investigate the affairs of the
Milwaukee County House of Correction,
independent of the State Board of Charities
and Reforms, made a long report to the
board to-day. A large amount of testimony
was taken, principally that of prisoners
and officials now at the institution. The
committee say there is no escape from the
conclusion that the Inspector (Hase) is
incompetent; that he is not even familiar
with the rules governing the institution.

He admits having frequently used the
word "punishment" not known or under-
stood by the prisoners—and he does not know
the contractor delivered the quality of
meat required. The burden of evidence
is that the treatment of prisoners was
generally bad, sometimes cruel, if not
barbarous.

Hase and his subordinates have violated
the statutes which forbid any corporal or
other punishment being inflicted for
violation of the prison rules, also the rule
of the House of Correction, which
prescribes the punishment to be solitary
confinement in a dark cell on bread and
water not to exceed twenty days; and
although this is the only legal punish-
ment, yet the way it is administered, is the
most degrading, dangerous to the health,
and abominably barbarous of any now
administered, and is a disgrace to the age
in which we live. By overwhelming
testimony Hase and Kennedy have used
this means of torture to a degree never
intended by the statute.

The committee recommend that
Hase, the present Inspector, be removed,
and that the Committee on House of Cor-

rection be given charge of the institution.
Hase, the report holds, is proven incompe-
tent. He has inflicted unwarranted pun-
ishment, and has been profane and inde-
cent.

The practice of imprisonment in the
dark cell, too small to stretch the body,
without bed or bedding, summer or win-
ter, is severely condemned. The poor,
helpless criminal, unable to lie down or
sit up, is compelled to breathe the foul,
sickening gases of his own excrement. It
is proven, says the committee, that this has
been the constant practice for years, and
it is a foul blot on the city and State.

The committee are also of
the opinion that the prisoners are not given
baths as often as decency requires, and
that sick inmates are denied proper
care and medical treatment. The commit-
tee in conclusion, report the necessity for
entire revision of the rules governing the
House of Correction. The report was
ordered printed.

GENERAL DAVIS.

**The Remains in Indianapolis—Prepar-
ations for Final Interment at
Memphis.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—The remains
of General Davis arrived here this morn-
ing from Chicago. At 1 o'clock in the
afternoon they were escorted from the
residence of his sister-in-law to the Court
House, under guard of the light infantry
and Russ Rifles. Here they lay in state
until 5:30 o'clock, a guard of honor
being furnished from the arsenal. They
were then taken to the train, and at 6
o'clock started for the General's old home
at Memphis, Clark county, where they
will be buried to-morrow. Salutes were
fired as the carriage moved, both noon and
evening. Captain John M. Lord and the
Rev. L. G. Hay accompanied the body as
a committee of honor. Major Gordon, Colonel Hendricks, and Dr.
Barnes have prepared a somewhat lengthy
memorial, reviewing the life and services
of the deceased, which will be published.
County and city officers were closed this
afternoon in respect to his memory.

DEAF AND DUMB.

DELAVER, Dec. 2.—Governor Smith,
Prof. R. C. Spencer, Prof. Stern, Prof.
Stetson, and Dr. Jewett, late President of
Vassar college, visited the Deaf and Dumb
Institute to-day, to examine the methods
of instruction. They visited several rooms,
witnessing various exercises, and returned
to the assembly rooms, where a number of
older and more advanced pupils in articu-
lation were exhibited. The ability of the
pupils in speaking and reading from the
lips was marked. In some instances con-
versation was carried on readily and
pleasantly, and the result of the examination
was highly creditable to the course of
instruction pursued. At 4 o'clock the
exercises were closed, and the Governor
and members of the examining board
returned to Milwaukee by the evening
train.

WAR CLAIMS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The war claims
spectre came up in the House to-day. A
new member from Kentucky thought he
would play a sharp trick, and introduced a
bill for the payment of a war claim and
asked its reference to the Committee on
Judiciary. Mr. Conger was on guard,
as usual, and discerning the charac-
ter of the bill, challenged its
reference, and had the bill sent to the
Committee on War Claims, which is dead
against the payment of any. It took a
vote of the House to decide the question of
reference, and Conger's point was carried
by three majorities. Bicknell, New, and
Wadell, Democrats, and Forsythe, Ladd,
Stephenson, Weaver and Yocum, Green-
backers, voted with the Republicans.

GRANT'S MOVEMENTS.

GALENA, Dec. 2.—General and Mrs.
Grant will leave Chicago to-morrow at
1:30, remaining several days there. Will
fill engagements there and in more
Eastern cities, and sail for Havana the lat-
ter part of the month. They remain in
Havana part of the winter, thence go to
Mexico, and after visiting the principal
cities of that country return via Galveston
in April, going direct to Denver from
there, and visiting the mining districts,
including Leadville. This is his latest
programme.

OLD JOHN BROWN.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The anniversary
of the death of John Brown was appropri-
ately celebrated today and this evening in
the colored church on Twenty sixth
street. Rev. H. H. Gannett presided. The
church was crowded. Letters from Wen-
dell Phillips and others were read regret-
ting their inability to be present.

SUICIDED.

MADISON, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Kratz, living at
Summer's Corners, town of Bristol, in this
county, committed suicide while her hus-
band and son were at church Sunday
morning by shooting herself with a revolver.
The cause of the suicide is not known.

A GOOD SELECTION.

FOND DU LAC, Dec. 2.—Major George W.
Carter, of this city, has been chosen war-
den of the State Prison in place of H. N.
Smith, whose term has expired. Major
Carter is a wounded veteran of the late
war, of good abilities, and will make an
efficient and successful executive officer.

About Patent Office Reports.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1, 1879.
To the Editor.

By act of Congress approved May 15th,
1872, the publication of the Patent Office
reports was discontinued, and the Official
Gazette substituted therefor. The latter
is published each week from the United
States Patent Office in pamphlet form,
contains upwards of forty pages neatly
covered. It is the only published record
of the doings of the Patent Office.

Each number contains the text of the
claims and illustrations of all original
patents and reissues granted during the
week, of a list of the designs
patented, trade marks and la-

bels registered, disclaimers filed,
and alphabetical lists of the patents and
inventions; also the decisions of the Com-
missioner of Patents and of United States
courts in patent cases. The law prohibits
the distribution of these copies to individ-
uals, and prefers that a copy be deposited
in 8 public libraries in each Congressional
District. The object being to bring them
within easy access to manufacturers, me-
chanics, and inventors.

The list for the First Congressional Dis-
trict is as follows:
Hudson's Patent Library, Janesville.
Beloit College Library, Beloit.
Richman Public Library, Richman.
Normal School Library, Whitewater.
Racine Public Library, Racine.
Burlington Teachers' Library, Burlington.
Simon's Library, Kenosha.
Carroll College Library, Waukesha.

Should libraries in any of these places
be named of more convenient access than
the above, the direction can be changed,
but when once fixed it is desirable that it
should remain in order that a continuous
record may be kept and the public fami-
liarized with the place of its deposit.

By giving this place in your columns
you will subserve the public interest and
relieve me from answering many letters
relative to Patent Office reports. I hope
it may be published in all the papers of the
District. Very Respectfully,
C. G. WILLIAMS.

THE ELIXIR VITE.
Far backward, in the dusky mist of time,
When Aëra, and Learning, o'er the darkened
After ages, new agonies, and new
But faint, and tottering, from their later birth.
Men groped obscurely, on that border land,
Where Nature's laws were wrought with Magic old,
And vainly sought and hid the wondrous Stone,
Whose power could turn the basest metal into Gold.

White, some, more daring, traversed Land and Sea,
For that Elixir, which they dreamed, in truth,
From age and death, would leave them ever free.
The fabled "Fountain of Eternal Youth."
But lo! the World moves on, from age to age,
And Science tells us, with its life voice serene;
"This long sought Talisman is found at last,
Life's great Elixir, wondrous VASLINE."

It cures in sickness, and in health adorns;
From youth to age, its various virtues shine;
On every ill it sheds a softening calm,
And adds to loveliness a charmed divine.

When faint, and sleepless, with Rheumatic pains,
Or torn with fell Neuralgic arrows keen,
How like a balm from Paradise it flows,
Soft, soothing, mild, all healing VASLINE.

Great Mages of a thousand pains,
For Gout, or Asthma, simple, pure, and clean,
For Colds, or Wounds, or Ulcers or Burns,
There's nought on earth can equal VASLINE.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW.
The North American Review for Decem-
ber is specially noteworthy for timeliness
of every one of the papers which it con-
tains. The number opens with the first
installment of a study by James Anthony
Froude, the historian, on "Romanism and
the Irish Race in the United States." Mr.
Froude views with alarm the development
of Papal system in this country, and fore-
sees the necessity of radical changes in our
National and State constitutions, if we
would not have universal suffrage con-
verted into an engine for the overthrow of
republican government in the interest of
the Roman Catholic religion. The dream
of the Ultramontanes, that the Pope will
soon exercise as complete an authority in
the United States as Gregory VII. ever
exercised in Europe, is regarded by Mr.
Froude as scarcely more preposterous or
impossible of realization than the state of
things which actually exists
—Roman Catholics constitu-
ting the largest single religious com-
munity in this country—would have seem-
ed to the grandfathers of the present
generation. The Hon. George S. Boutwell
considers the causes which indispose
young men of culture and ability to take
an active part in conduct of political affairs.
These causes are manifold, among them
being the very strong inducements offered
in a new country by various other parents,
the evil repute which has come upon
political and official life from the misdeeds
of tricksters and office holders, and so on.
Nevertheless, Mr. Boutwell contends, that
in no sphere of life is there opportunity for
a larger or more enduring influence than
in politics and government, and that con-
sequently there can be no more praisew-
orthy ambition for the capable young man
than that which aims at distinction
through political service. An anonymous
author contributes an essay on "The Re-
ligion of To-day." This writer, after
surveying the attitude of our age toward
the ancient dogmas of Christianity,
and showing the
progressive elimination of tenets
heretofore reckoned among the essentials
of religious belief, contends that the
"downfall of doctrine" by no means does
away entirely with religious faith. The
old, dogmatic faith will surely perish ut-
terly, but the new will remain another
faith, a faith that the throne of the moral
universe will stand unshaken before all
human discussion. Prof. Bonamy Price
raises the question, "Is Political Economy
a Science?" He accepts as an adequate and
accurate definition of Science, "the filtration
of causes through common observation
being beyond," and then declares that
Political Economy is not a
science, but only a body of systematic
knowledge. Dr. George M. Beard com-
pares the *physique* of Englishmen and
Americans, and corrects many erroneous
opinions on that subject which have ob-
tained currency on both sides of the Atlan-
tic. Mr. Cathbert Mills, in the first of a
series of papers on "The Permanence of
Political Forces," breaks ground for a
very instructive philosophico-historical
inquiry touching the political status of the
United States. The book reviews are by
Mr. John R. G. Hassard.

The Review is for sale by all booksellers
and newscasters.

MISCELLANEOUS.
Mr. JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St. John, N. B.
Dear Sir:—Having used your Compound Syrup
of Hypophosphites for some time in my practice,
I have no hesitation in recommending it to my
patients who are suffering from general debility,
or any disease of the lungs, knowing that, even
in cases utterly hopeless, it affords relief.
I am, Sir, yours truly,
J. H. ADDY, M. D.
Sold by all Druggists. \$1.50 per Bottle
Sold in Janesville by HENRIKSEN, Druggist,
decidedly.

WHEAT.—No 2 spring wheat, Cash, 1 23/4c; No
3 spring wheat Cash 1 13/4c;
CORN—No 2 cash, 33 1/2c;
BARLEY—Extra No 3 cash, 45c; 55c; 60c;
PORE—cash new, 12 1/2c;
LARD—cash 8 3/4c;
LIVE HOGS—3 1/2c; 3 1/4c; 3 1/2c; according to grade.
BUTTER—30 1/2c; 29 1/2c; 29 1/2c; according to quality.
EGGS—12 1/2c; according to quality.
HAY—Timothy, No 1, at 13 1/2c; 14 1/2c; 15 1/2c; No
2 at 12 1/2c;
HOPS—3 1/2c;
HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes at
16 1/2c cents.
SHEEP—Clover at 50c; 45c; 40c; per bushel;
at 35c; 30c; 25c; 20c; 15c; 10c; 5c; No 1
TALLOW—6 1/2c; 7 1/2c; No 1
WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat, 1 23/4c; No 3
spring wheat 1 13/4c; No 4 spring wheat 1 1/4c;
according to quality.
WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat, 1 23/4c; No 3
spring wheat 1 13/4c; No 4 spring wheat 1 1/4c;
according to quality.
WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat, 1 23/4c; No 3
spring wheat 1 13/4c; No 4 spring wheat 1 1/4c;
according to quality.
WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat, 1 23/4c; No 3
spring wheat 1 13/4c; No 4 spring wheat 1 1/4c;
according to quality.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.
FLOUR—quiet and unchanged.
Wheat—No 2 spring wheat, 1 23/4c; No 3
spring wheat 1 13/4c; No 4 spring wheat 1 1/4c;
according to quality.
CORN—No 2 cash, 33 1/2c; No 3 cash, 32 1/2c;
No 4 cash, 31 1/2c; No 5 cash, 30 1/2c;
No 6 cash, 29 1/2c; No 7 cash, 28 1/2c;
No 8 cash, 27 1/2c; No 9 cash, 26 1/2c;
No 10 cash, 25 1/2c; No 11 cash, 24 1/2c;
No 12 cash, 23 1/2c; No 13 cash, 22 1/2c;
No 14 cash, 21 1/2c; No 15 cash, 20 1/2c;
No 16 cash, 19 1/2c; No 17 cash, 18 1/2c;
No 18 cash, 17 1/2c; No 19 cash, 16 1/2c;
No 20 cash, 15 1/2c; No 21 cash, 14 1/2c;
No 22 cash, 13 1/2c; No 23 cash, 12 1/2c;
No 24 cash, 11 1/2c; No 25 cash, 10 1/2c;
No 26 cash, 9 1/2c; No 27 cash, 8 1/2c;
No 28 cash, 7 1/2c; No 29 cash, 6 1/2c;
No 30 cash, 5 1/2c; No 31 cash, 4 1/2c;
No 32 cash, 3 1/2c; No 33 cash, 2 1/2c;
No 34 cash, 1 1/2c; No 35 cash, 1/2c;
No 36 cash, 1/4c; No 37 cash, 1/8c;
No 38 cash, 1/16c; No 39 cash, 1/32c;
No 40 cash, 1/64c; No 41 cash, 1/128c;
No 42 cash, 1/256c; No 43 cash, 1/512c;
No 44 cash, 1/1024c; No 45 cash, 1/2048c;
No 46 cash, 1/4096c; No 47 cash, 1/8192c;
No 48 cash, 1/16384c; No 49 cash, 1/32768c;
No 50 cash, 1/65536c; No 51 cash, 1/131072c;
No 52 cash, 1/262144c; No 53 cash, 1/524288c;
No 54 cash, 1/1048576c; No 55 cash, 1/2097152c;
No 56 cash, 1/4194304c; No 57 cash, 1/8388608c;
No 58 cash, 1/16777216c; No 59 cash, 1/33554432c;
No 60 cash, 1/67108864c; No 61 cash, 1/134217728c;
No 62 cash, 1/268435456c; No 63 cash, 1/536870912c;
No 64 cash, 1/1073741824c; No 65 cash, 1/2147483648c;
No 66 cash, 1/4294967296c; No 67 cash, 1/8589934592c;
No 68 cash, 1/17179869184c; No 69 cash, 1/34359738368c;
No 70 cash, 1/68719476736c; No 71 cash, 1/137438953472c;
No 72 cash, 1/274877906944c; No 73 cash, 1/549755813888c;
No 74 cash, 1/1099511627776c; No 75 cash, 1/2199023255552c;
No 76 cash, 1/4398046511104c; No 77 cash, 1/8796093022208c;
No 78 cash, 1/17592186044416c; No 79 cash, 1/35184372088832c;
No 80 cash, 1/70368744177664c; No 81 cash, 1/140737488355328c;
No 82 cash, 1/281474976710656c; No 83 cash, 1/562949953421312c;
No 84 cash, 1/1125899906842624c; No 85 cash, 1/2251799813685248c;
No 86 cash, 1/4503599627370496c; No 87 cash, 1/9007199254740992c;
No 88 cash, 1/18014398509481984c; No 89 cash, 1/36028797018963968c;
No 90 cash, 1/72057594037927936c; No 91 cash, 1/144115188075855872c;
No 92 cash, 1/288230376151711744c; No 93 cash, 1/576460752303423488c;
No 94 cash, 1/1152921504606846976c; No 95 cash, 1/2305843009213693952c;
No 96 cash, 1/4611686018427387904c; No 97 cash, 1/9223372036854775808c;
No 98 cash, 1/18446744073709551616c; No 99 cash, 1/36893488147419103232c;
No 100 cash, 1/73786976294838206464c; No 101 cash, 1/147573952589676412928c;
No 102 cash, 1/295147905179352825856c; No 103 cash, 1/590295810358705651712c;
No 104 cash, 1/1180591620717411303424c; No 105 cash, 1/2361183241434822606848c;
No 106 cash, 1/4722366482869645213696c; No 107 cash, 1/9444732965739290427392c;
No 108 cash, 1/18889465931478580854784c; No 109 cash, 1/37778931862957161709568c;
No 110 cash, 1/75557863725914323419136c; No 111 cash, 1/151115727451828646838272c;
No 112 cash, 1/302231454903657293676544c; No 113 cash, 1/604462909807314587353088c;
No 114 cash, 1/1208925819614629174706176c; No 115 cash, 1/2417851639229258349412352c;
No 116 cash, 1/4835703278458516698824704c; No 117 cash, 1/9671406556917033397649408c;
No 118 cash, 1/19342813113834066795298816c; No 119 cash, 1/38685626227668133590597632c;
No 120 cash, 1/77371252455336267181195264c; No 121 cash, 1/15474250491067253436239052

THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1879.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Rail

Trains at Janesville station.

| From | Arrive | Depart |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|
| From Monroe | 8:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 9:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 9:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 10:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 10:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 11:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 11:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 12:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 12:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 1:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 1:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 2:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 2:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 3:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 3:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 4:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 4:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 5:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 5:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 6:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 6:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 7:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 7:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 8:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 8:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 9:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 9:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 10:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 10:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 11:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 11:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago, Milwaukee and East | 12:00 a. m. | |

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

Trains at Janesville station.

| From | Arrive | Depart |
|--------------|-------------|--------|
| From Chicago | 8:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 1:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 1:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 2:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 2:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 3:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 3:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 4:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 4:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 5:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 5:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 6:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 6:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 7:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 7:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 8:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 8:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:00 a. m. | |

Post-Office, Summer Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

| From | Arrive | Depart |
|--------------|-------------|--------|
| From Chicago | 8:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:00 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:30 a. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 1:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 1:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 2:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 2:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 3:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 3:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 4:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 4:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 5:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 5:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 6:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 6:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 7:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 7:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 8:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 8:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 9:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 10:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:00 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 11:30 p. m. | |
| From Chicago | 12:00 a. m. | |

Over-land mails arrive.

Centre and Leiden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

Madison and Milwaukee, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

Chicago and Milwaukee, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

Chicago and Milwaukee, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

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Chicago and Milwaukee, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

Chicago and Milwaukee, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by...

will be held at the residence of Rev E

M Dunn, on Monday evening, December

8th.

—Evan Davis and his mother and sister

took the train Tuesday morning for New

England where they intend to make a

lengthy visit among their numerous rela-

tives and friends.

Princess Victoria, eldest daughter of

Queen Victoria, and now the Crown

Princess of Germany, was, when a child,

rather intractable. A certain physician

who was often called to Windsor was

always familiarly addressed by the child-

Princess as "Brown," and no teaching,

persuasion, or threat by the Queen could

induce her to give him any prefix to the

simple "Brown." At length she was in-

formed that when next she visited she

would immediately be sent to bed. Next

day the physician came, and was greeted

by the little Princess with: "Good morn-

ing, Brown; and good night, too, Brown,

for I'm off to bed;" and she went.

Chinchilla, Plush, Beaver and

Sealskin Caps; All-Wool Under-

wear, different colors; Dogskin,

Calf, Buckskin, Beaver and Seal-

skin Gloves and Mittens, lined

and unlined. Worsted, Cash-

mere and Silk Scarfs and Muf-

flers. Fur Collars; Heavy Me-

rino and Woolen Hosiery; Ear

Muffs and Wristlets; Knit Jack-

ets, variety of colors. Lap Robes;

Buffalo Robes and the handsom-

est line of Wolf Robes ever

shown in the city.

Oh, Yes! We have a few Over-

Coats too, as many as we can

put on twelve tables and new

ones coming in almost every day.

We also do Merchant Tailor-

ing, but haven't said much about

it this Fall as we have been be-

hind in orders ever since the 1st

of September and it has been

impossible for us to procure a

sufficient number of good tailors

to accommodate our many cus-

tomers. We hope, however,

"that it will be all right in the

Spring."

M. C. SMITH & SON,

Square Dealing.

General Grant!

Or any other person would be surprised to see the

immense and costly stock of

FURNITURE!

BRITTON & KIMBALL are receiving daily for

the Fall and Holiday trade. Parlor and Chamber

Suits at surprisingly low prices. Have on hand

the finest Parlor goods ever brought to this city

and at prices that cannot be met in the country.

Marble Top Tables and Pier Glasses very low

Easy Chairs, Bamboo Chairs, Fancy Stands

suitable for Christmas presents. Pick out your goods

now, before they advance; we will set them aside

for you. If you don't want to buy, come in and

let us show you good goods. The reason you see

our wagon constantly delivering goods is, we are

selling so cheap. Try us. Thanks to all our pat-

rons.

Respectfully,

BRITTON & KIMBALL.

Next Door to the Post Office, Janesville, Wis.

sept23day

PLEASE READ THE LIST.

The following are some of the

solid old insurance companies

represented by DIMOCK &

HAYNER:

THE INSURANCE CO. OF NORTH

AMERICA, Philadelphia, the oldest and one

of the largest stock companies in America; char-

tered in 1794.

THE OLD ETNA, of Hartford, the largest

company in America, chartered in 1819.

THE OLD HOME, of New York, another

of the largest and strongest companies in this

country.

THE OLD PHENIX, of Hartford, one of

the strongest and best managed companies in the

United States.

THE FIRE ASSOCIATION, another of

Philadelphia's great insurance corporations,

chartered in 1817.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

AND GLOBE, and the

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY of

Liverpool, two of the old England's largest and

strongest companies.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE COM-

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.